CHANGHUANG (CHARLIE) WAN

Phone: 334-727-8950Email: cwan@tuskegee.edu Assistant Professor, Aerospace Science Engineering Department Tuskegee University, Tuskegee, AL 36088

EDUCATION

The Ohio State University, Columbus, OHAug 2017 – expected Feb 2021Ph.D in Mechanical & Aerospace EngineeringPhD DissertationScalable Decision-Making for Autonomous Systems in Space Missions

Iowa State University, Ames, IAAttended from August 2016- July 2017Ph.D in Aerospace EngineeringSep 2013 – Jan 2016Beihang University, Beijing, ChinaSep 2013 – Jan 2016M.S. in Aerospace EngineeringArea of Study:Structural optimization, multidisciplinary design and optimizationBeihang University, Beijing, ChinaSep 2009 – June 2013B.S. in Aerospace EngineeringSep 2009 – June 2013Area of Study:Autonomous system, control theory, spacecraft system design,Sep 2009 – June 2013

RESEARCH INTERESTS

| Robotics | Energy-aware unmanned ground/aerial vehicles |
|--------------------|--|
| Control & Dynamics | Modeling and optimal control design of autonomous systems |
| Optimization | Nonconvex optimization & Distributed optimization of multi-agent |
| | systems/networks |

ACADEMIC SERVICES

Reviewed articles for IEEE Access, Mechatronics, Neurocomputing Reviewed articles for conferences in robotics and control, namely: IEEE International Conference on Robotics and Automation (ICRA), American Control Conference (ACC), IEEE Conference on Decision and Control

COURSE TAUGHT

| AENG 0340 | Fundamentals of Space Mechanics |
|------------|--------------------------------------|
| AENG 0370 | Aircraft Stability and Control |
| AENG 0460 | Automatic Flight Controls |
| AENG 0460L | Automatic Flight Controls Laboratory |

RESEARCH EXPERIENCE

Automation & Optimization Laboratory, The Ohio State University —PhD student and Research Assistant Project 1. Optimized Entry and Powered Descent Guidance for Precision Planetary Landing —Funded by NASA Developed a guidance approach that optimizes the end-to-end entry, powered descent, and landing (EDL) trajectories toward the fuel-optimal and precise landing. The work was publish2d20 AIAA SciTech conference and submitted todournal of Guidance, Control and DynamictGCD).

Project 2. Learning-based Methods for Optimal Control Problems —Funded by NSF Developed learning-based framework to deal with large scale optimal control problems. The major idea is combining the Machine Learning method (Supervised learning/Reinforcement learning/CNN) with the optimal control theory. Instead of learning all state-control pairs, our method only need to learn some identi ed parameters, such as the initial values of adjoint variables, switch time, etc.ne advantage of this idea is that it could signi cantly reduce computational load required for database training. The work will be preseded that IAA SciTech conference and it has been accepted by urnal of Guidance, Control and Dynami (LGCD).

Project 3. Network localization and Formation Control

Developed a milder graph condition for unique localizability by considering non-adjacency inequality constraints,. Proposed an alternating rank minimization algorithm (ARMA) to solve the distance-based SNL problem. The work was presented 2019 American Control Conference (ACC) and published in EEE Transactions on Control of Network System System S.

Investigated the angle-based sensor network localization (ASNL) problem. Proposed a notion termed angle xability to recognize frameworks that can be uniquely determined by angles up to translations, rotations, scalings and re ections. Proved that any framework with a non-degenerate bilateration ordering is angle xable. Proposed the centralized and distributed approach to solve ASNL problems in noise-free and noisy environment. This work was presented 2019 IEEE Conference on Decision and Con(CDC) and conditionally accepted by IEEE Transactions on Automatic Cont(CTAC).

Project 4. Design and Mission Planning for Energy-aware Robotic Systems —Funded by NSF The project aims at developing and integrating heterogeneous aerial and ground vehicles to achieve long-duration high-ef ciency operations for missions across wide areas. The ultimate goal is to actively exploit renewable solar energy from the environment to overcome time and distance limitations for long-duration unmanned missions while also reducing the environmental impact of robotic systems. The work was publis AddAnSciTech conference and 2020 IEEE International Conference on Robotics and Automatior ()

Spacecraft Design, Optimization & Dynamic Laboratory, Beihang University

[J3] C. Wan, G. Jing, S. You, and R. Dai, Sensor Network Localization via Alternating Rank Minimization Algorithms, IEEE Transactions on Control of Network Syste **2**(3):19, pp.1-12.

[J2] C. Wan, R. Dai, and P. Lu, Alternating Minimization Algorithm for Polynomial Optimal Control Problems, Journal of Guidance, Control, and Dynamiosol. 42, No. 4, 2019, pp. 723-736.

[J1] X. Wang, C. Wan, R. Xia. Parameters optimization design method of complex space-web system. aeronautica et astronautica sinic dol. 37, No. 10, 2016, pp.3064-3073.

- Conference Articles -

[C14] C. Wan, G. Jing, R. Dai and R. Zhao, "Local Shape-Preserving Formation Maneuver Control of Multiagent Systems: From 2D to 3D," 2021 60th IEEE Conference on Decision and Control (CDC), 2021, pp. 6251-6257.

[C13] C. Wan, C. Pei, R. Dai, G. Jing, J. Rea, "Six-Dimensional Atmosphere Entry Guidance based on Dual Quaternion", AIAA Science and Technology Forum and Exposit20021.

[C12] S. You, C. Wan, R. Dai, J. Rea, "Learning-based Optimal Control for End-to-End Human-Mars Entry, Powered-Descent, and Landing MissioA'IAA Science and Technology Forum and Exposit20021.

[C11] M. Jung, Q. Ze, C. PeC. Wan, K. Tan, R. Zhao, R. Dai,, "Enhanced Power Generation of AirborneWind Energy System by Foldable Aircraft AIAA Science and Technology Forum and Exposit 20021.

[C10] C. Wan, G. Jing, R. Dai, and J. Rea, "Fuel-Optimal Guidance for End-to-End Human-Mars Entry, Powered-Descent, and Landing MissioA'IAA Science and Technology Forum and Exposition 4172. 2020.

[C9] S. You, C. Wan, R. Dai, and J. Rea, "Learning-based Optimal Control for Planetary Entry, Powered Descent and Landing Guidance' AIAA Science and Technology Forum and Expos 200280.

EBEE BOTA en the on and ICRAC n